

**TABLE 11: Tenure regimes in Asia, and forest area under each regime, 2012**

Country	Tenure Regime	Area under Regime (ha)
Cambodia	Community Forests	179,375 <sup>91</sup>
	Community Protected Areas	n.d. <sup>92</sup>
	Indigenous Community Lands	n.d. <sup>93</sup>
China	Collective Ownership with Individual Property Rights to Forest Land	119,519,800 <sup>94</sup>
India	Land for Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest-dwellers	1,601,524 <sup>95</sup>
Indonesia	<i>Adat</i> Forest (Customary Law Forest)	n.d.
	<i>Hutan Kemasyarakatan</i> (Rural or Community Forest)	60,599 <sup>96</sup>
	<i>Kemitraan</i> (Partnership)	n.d. <sup>97</sup>
	<i>Hutan Tanaman Rakyat</i> (People Plantation or People Plant Forest)	39,083 <sup>98</sup>
Malaysia	None	n/a
Nepal	Community Forests	1,652,654 <sup>99</sup>
	Community Leasehold Forests Granted to Communities	38,918 <sup>100</sup>
	Religious Forests Transferred to Communities	543 <sup>101</sup>
	Buffer Zone Community Forests	n.d. <sup>102</sup>
	Buffer Zone Religious Forest Transferred to Communities	n.d. <sup>103</sup>
PNG	Common Customary Land	25,078,930 <sup>104</sup>
Thailand	Community Land Use Permits	0 <sup>105</sup>
Viet Nam	Forest Land Allocated to Communities	3,480,000 <sup>106</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>151,651,427</b>

n.d. – After exhaustive research there was insufficient data, data were not specific enough, or the tenure regime came into existence after the most recent forest area survey.